

Low Noise Silicon Bipolar RF Transistor

- For highest gain and low noise amplifier
- Outstanding $G_{ms} = 21.5$ dB at 1.8 GHz
Minimum noise figure $NF_{min} = 0.9$ dB at 1.8 GHz
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) and halogen-free package with visible leads
- Qualification report according to AEC-Q101 available



ESD (Electrostatic discharge) sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
BFP540	ATs	1=B	2=E	3=C	4=E	-	-	SOT343

Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage $T_A = 25$ °C $T_A = -55$ °C	V_{CEO}	4.5 4	V
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}	14	
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	14	
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	1	
Collector current	I_C	80	mA
Base current	I_B	8	
Total power dissipation ¹⁾ $T_S \leq 77$ °C	P_{tot}	250	mW
Junction temperature	T_J	150	°C
Ambient temperature	T_A	-65 ... 150	
Storage temperature	T_{Stg}	-65 ... 150	

¹⁾ T_S is measured on the emitter lead at the soldering point to the pcb

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	290	K/W

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

DC Characteristics

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	4.5	5	-	V
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{CE} = 14\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0$	I_{CES}	-	-	10	μA
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_E = 0$	I_{CBO}	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	-	-	10	μA
DC current gain $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3.5\text{ V}$, pulse measured	h_{FE}	50	110	185	-

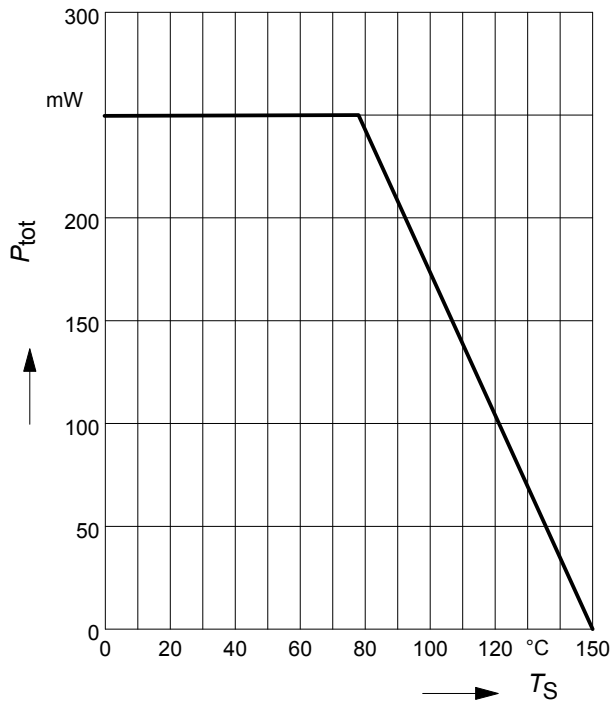
¹⁾For the definition of R_{thJS} please refer to Application Note AN077 (Thermal Resistance Calculation)

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

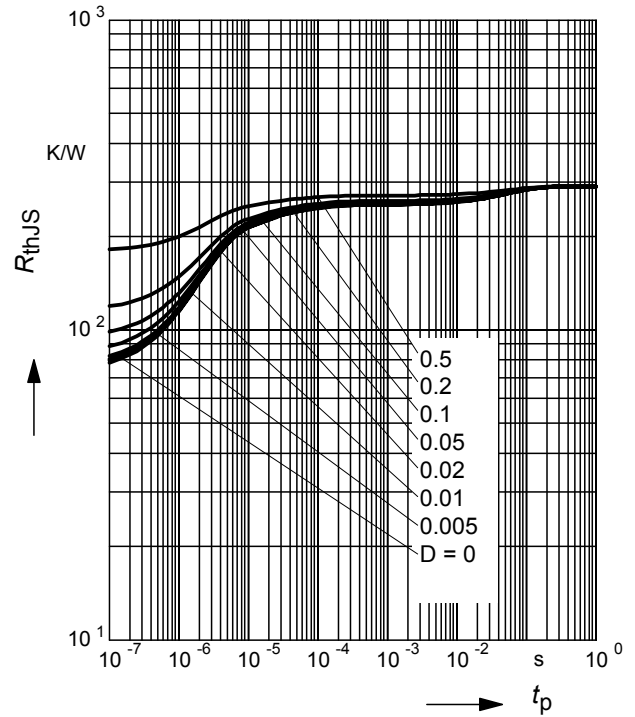
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling)					
Transition frequency $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 4\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ GHz}$	f_T	21	30	-	GHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, emitter grounded	C_{cb}	-	0.14	0.24	pF
Collector emitter capacitance $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, base grounded	C_{ce}	-	0.33	-	
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CB} = 0$, collector grounded	C_{eb}	-	0.65	-	
Minimum noise figure $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$ $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$	NF_{min}	- -	0.9 1.3	1.4 -	dB
Power gain, maximum stable ¹⁾ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	G_{ms}	-	21.5	-	dB
Power gain, maximum available ¹⁾ $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	G_{ma}	-	16	-	dB
Transducer gain $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $f = 3\text{ GHz}$	$ S_{21e} ^2$	16 -	18.5 14.5	- -	dB
Third order intercept point at output ²⁾ $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	$IP3$	-	24.5	-	dBm
1dB compression point at output $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	P_{-1dB}	-	11	-	

¹⁾ $G_{ma} = |S_{21e}| / |S_{12e}| (k - (k^2 - 1)^{1/2})$, $G_{ms} = |S_{21e}| / |S_{12e}|$
²⁾ $IP3$ value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.
Termination used for this measurement is $50\text{ }\Omega$ from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz

Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

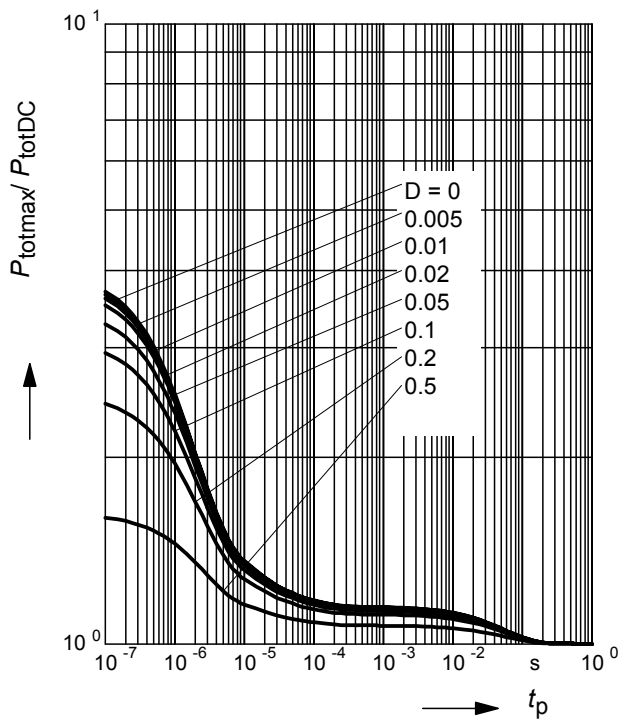


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$



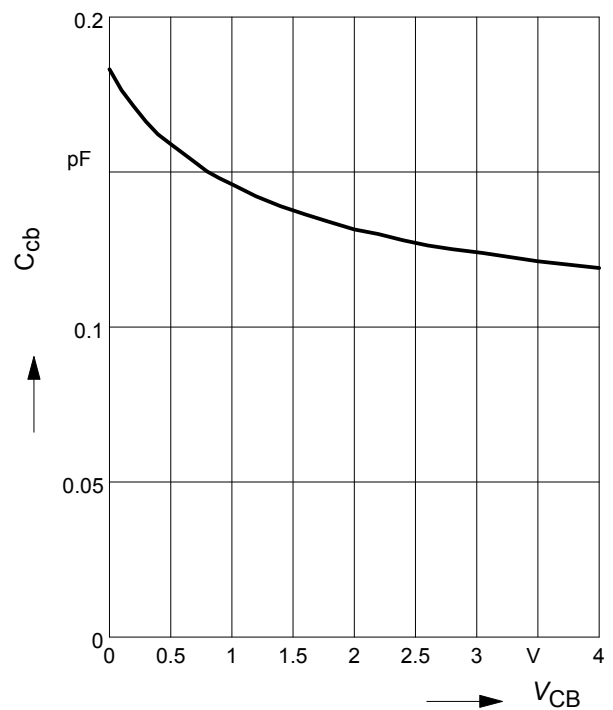
Permissible Pulse Load

$P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$



Collector-base capacitance $C_{\text{cb}} = f(V_{\text{CB}})$

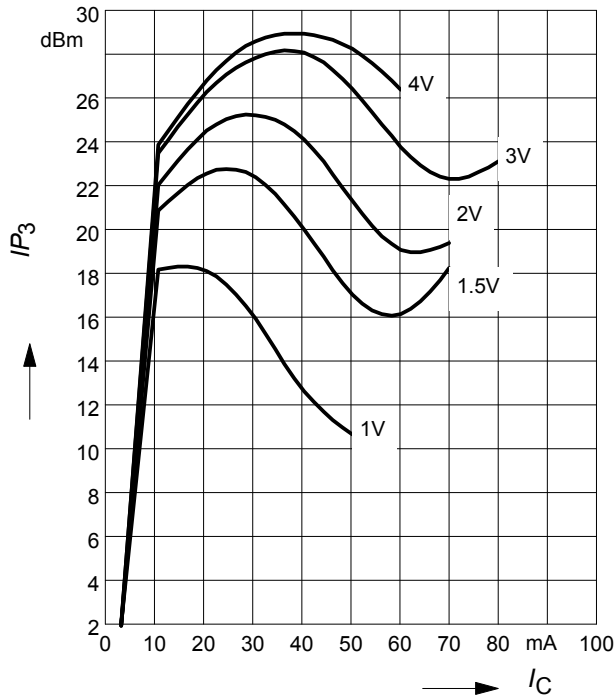
$f = 1\text{MHz}$



Third order Intercept Point $IP_3 = f(I_C)$

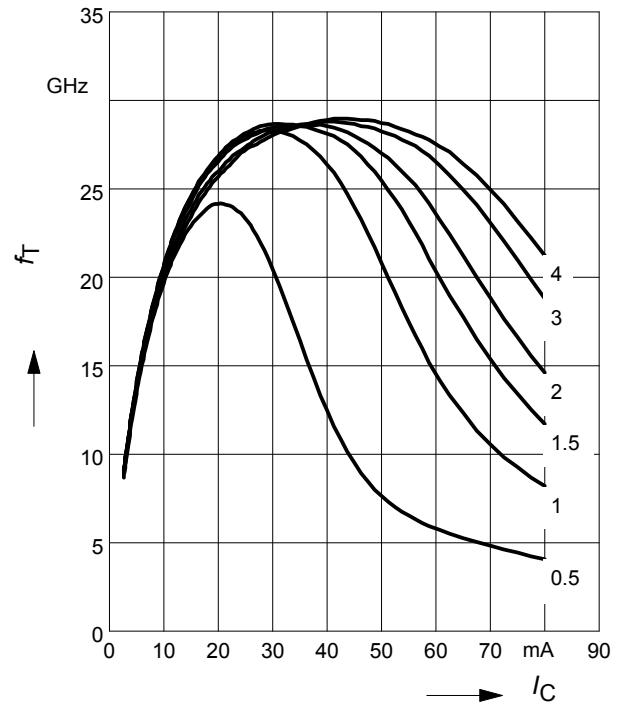
(Output, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\Omega$)

V_{CE} = parameter, $f = 1.8\text{GHz}$


Transition frequency $f_T = f(I_C)$

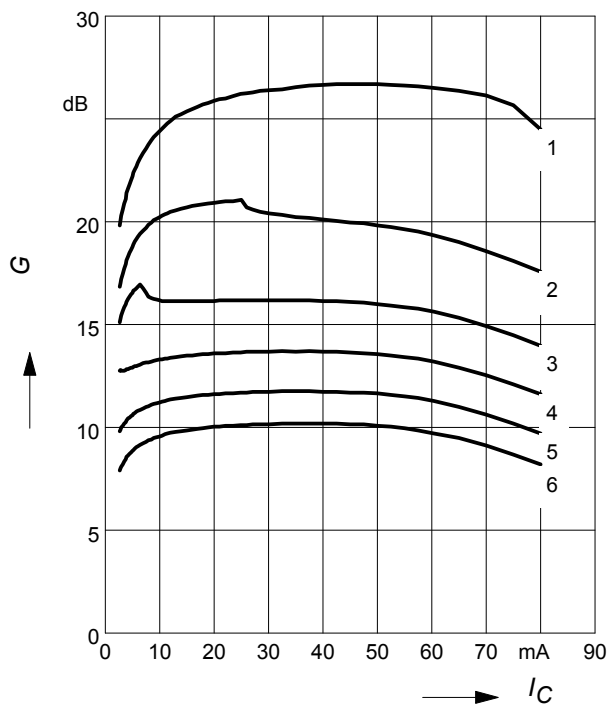
$f = 1\text{GHz}$

V_{CE} = Parameter in V


Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(I_C)$

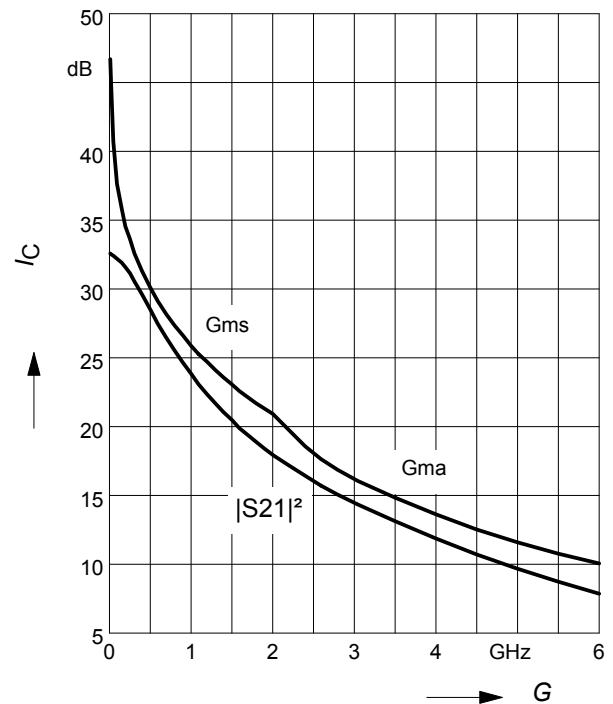
$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$

f = Parameter in GHz


Power Gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(f)$

$|S_{21}|^2 = f(f)$

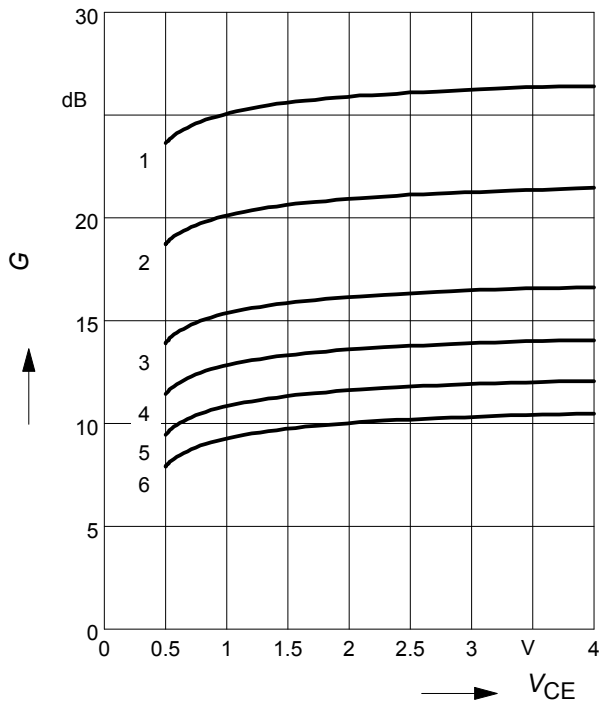
$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 20\text{mA}$



Power gain G_{ma} , $G_{ms} = f(V_{CE})$

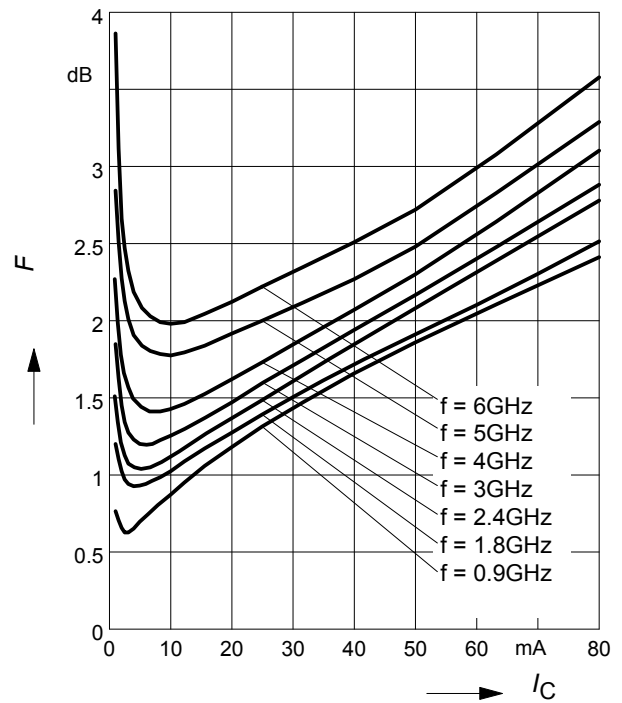
$I_C = 20\text{mA}$

f = Parameter in GHz



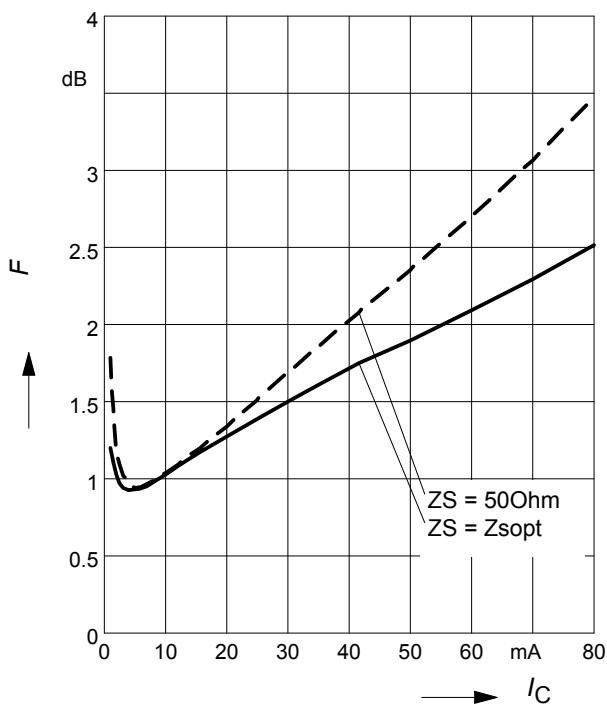
Noise figure $F = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



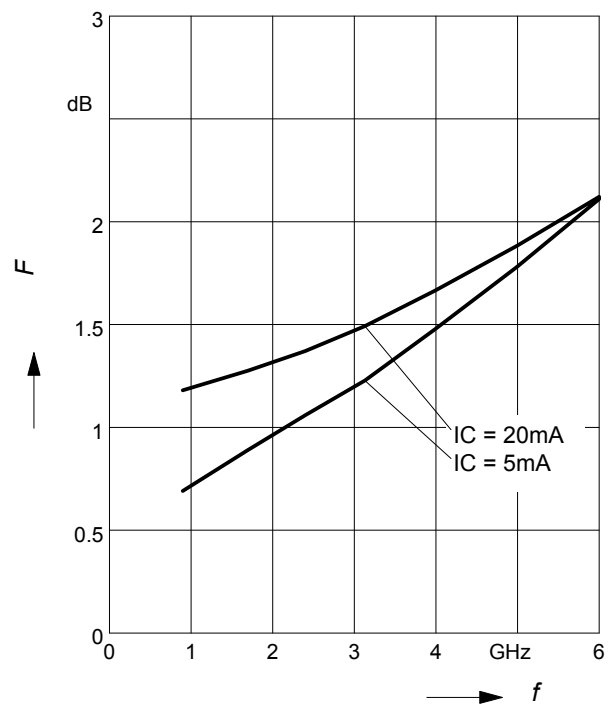
Noise figure $F = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$, $f = 1.8\text{GHz}$



Noise figure $F = f(f)$

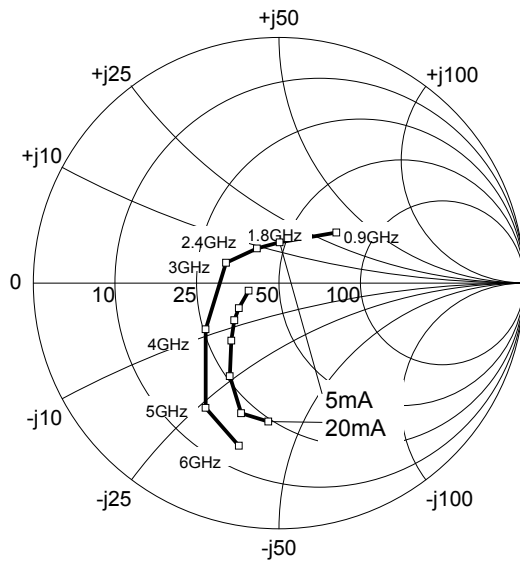
$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



Source impedance for min.

noise figure vs. frequency

$V_{CE} = 2V$, $I_C = 5mA / 20mA$



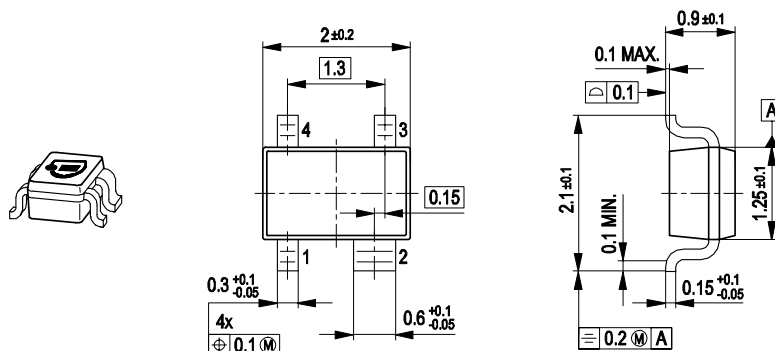
SPICE GP Model

For the SPICE Gummel Poon (GP) model as well as for the S-parameters (including noise parameters) please refer to our internet website

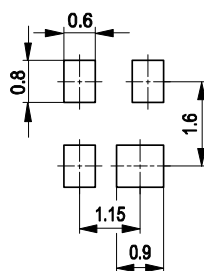
www.infineon.com/rf.models.

Please consult our website and download the latest versions before actually starting your design. You find the BFP540 SPICE GP model in the internet in MWO- and ADS-format, which you can import into these circuit simulation tools very quickly and conveniently. The model already contains the package parasitics and is ready to use for DC and high frequency simulations. The terminals of the model circuit correspond to the pin configuration of the device. The model parameters have been extracted and verified up to 10 GHz using typical devices. The BFP540 SPICE GP model reflects the typical DC- and RF-performance within the limitations which are given by the SPICE GP model itself. Besides the DC characteristics all S-parameters in magnitude and phase, as well as noise figure (including optimum source impedance, equivalent noise resistance and flicker noise) and intermodulation have been extracted.

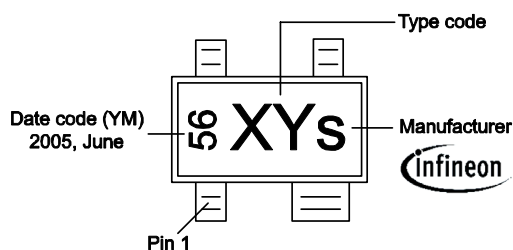
Package Outline



Foot Print

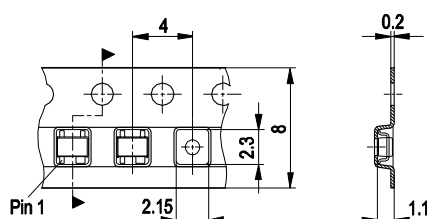


Marking Layout (Example)



Standard Packing

Reel $\phi 180 \text{ mm} = 3.000 \text{ Pieces/Reel}$
 Reel $\phi 330 \text{ mm} = 10.000 \text{ Pieces/Reel}$



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