

STRUCTURE SILICON MONOLITHIC INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

FUNCTION INPUT/OUTPUT FULL SWING CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

PRODUCT SERIES BU7242F BU7242FVM BU7242NUX
BU7242SF BU7242SFVM BU7242SNUX

FEATURES • Low power supp

• Low power supply voltage operation $(1.8[V] \sim 5.5[V])$

• Wide operating temperature range (BU7242S: -40[°C] $\sim +105$ [°C])

Wide input and output voltage range (VSS~VDD)

• Low input bias current(1[pA] typ.) • Low supply current(180[μ A] typ.)

Small Package VSON008X2030 (BU7242NUX)

OABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25[°C])

Parameter	Symbol VDD-VSS		Rating	Unit V	
Supply Voltage			+7		
Power dissipation		SOP8	620 (*1) (*4)	mW	
	Pd	MSOP8	480 (*2) (*4)		
		VS0N008X2030	412 (*3) (*4)	1	
Differential Input Voltage (*5)	Vid Vicm		VDD-VSS	٧	
Input Common-mode Voltage Range			Vicm (VSS-0.3) ~VDD+0.3		
Operating Temperature range	T	BU7242	-40∼+85	0.0	
	Topr	BU7242S	-40 ~ +105	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg		-55 ~ +125	°C	
Maximum junction Temperature	Tjmax		+125	°C	

- This IC is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.
- (*1) To use at temperature above $Ta=25[^{\circ}C]$ reduce 6.2[mW].
- (*2) To use at temperature above $Ta=25[^{\circ}C]$ reduce 4.8[mW].
- (*3) To use at temperature above $Ta=25[^{\circ}C]$ reduce 4.12[mW].
- (*4) Mounted on a glass epoxy PCB($70[mm] \times 70[mm] \times 1.6[mm]$).
- (*5) The voltage difference between inverting input and non-inverting input is the differential input voltage. Then input terminal voltage is set to more than VSS.

OOPERATING CONDITION (BU7242: Ta= $-40 \sim +85$ [°C] BU7242S: Ta= $-40 \sim +105$ [°C])

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Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD	+1.8~+5.5 (Single Supply)	٧

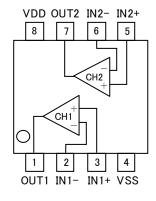


OELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (unless otherwise specified VDD=+3[V], VSS=0[V])

	Symbo I	Temperature Guaranteed Limit					
Parameter		range	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Input offset voltage (*6) (*8)	Vio	25°C	-	1	9	mV	VDD=1.8∼5.5[V], VOUT=VDD/2
		Full range	-	-	10		
Input offset current (*6)	lio	25°C	-	1	-	pA	
Input bias current (*6)	Ib	25°C	-	1	-	pA	
Supply current(*8)	IDD	25°C	-	180	360	// A	RL=∞ AII Op-Amps AV=0[dB],VIN=1.5[V]
		Full range	-	-	600		
High level output voltage	VOH	25°C	VDD-0. 1	-	-	٧	RL=10[kΩ]
Low level output voltage	VOL	25°C		-	VSS+0. 1	٧	RL=10[kΩ]
Large signal voltage gain	AV	25°C	70	95	-	dB	RL=10[kΩ]
Input common mode voltage	Vicm	25°C	0	-	3	٧	VDD-VSS=3[V]
Common mode rejection ratio	CMRR	25°C	45	60	-	dB	
Power supply rejection ratio	PSRR	25°C	60	80	-	dB	
Output source current (*7)	IOH	25°C	4	10	-	mA	VDD-0. 4[V]
Output sink current (*7)	10L	25°C	5	12	-	mA	VSS+0. 4[V]
Slew rate	SR	25°C	-	0. 4	-	V/μs	CL=25[pF]
Gain band width	FT	25°C	-	0.9	-	MHz	CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]
Phase margin	θ	25°C	-	50°	-		CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]
Total harmonics distortion	THD	25°C	-	0.05	-	%	V0UT=1[Vp-p], f=1[kHz]
Channel separation	CS	25°C	-	100	-	dB	Av=40 [dB]

- (*6) Absolute value
- (*7) Reference to power dissipation under the high temperature environment and decide the output current. Continuous short circuit is occurring the degenerate of output current characteristics.
- (*8) Full range BU7242 : Ta=-40[°C] \sim +85[°C] BU7242S : Ta=-40[°C] \sim +105[°C]

OBlock Diagram



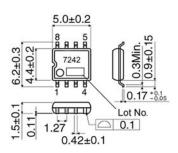
F:SOP8 FVM:MSOP8 NUX: VSONO08X2030

OPin No. • Pin Name

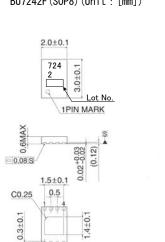
Pin No.	Pin Name
1	OUT1
2	IN1-
3	IN1+
4	VSS
5	IN2+
6	I N2-
7	OUT2
8	VDD



O Physical Dimensions



BU7242F(SOP8)(Unit: [mm])

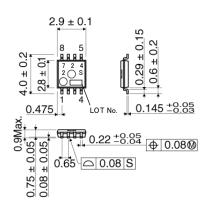


BU7242NUX(VSON008X2030)(Unit: [mm])

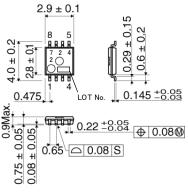
(Units:mm)

0.25 +0.05

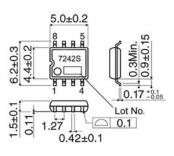
0.25



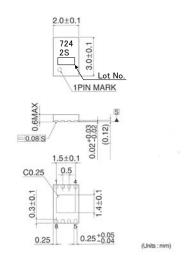
BU7242SFVM(MSOP8)(Unit: [mm])



BU7242FVM(MSOP8)(Unit:[mm])



BU7242SF(SOP8)(Unit: [mm])



BU7242SNUX(VSON008X2030)(単位:[mm])



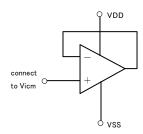
OApplication example

(1) Absolute maximum ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are the values which indicate the limits, within which the given voltage range can be safely charged to the terminal. However, it does not guarantee the circuit operation.

(2) The example of disabled circuit application

when there is a circuit not in use. It is recommended to make the non-inverting input terminal be the potential in the common-mode input voltage range like Fig. 1.



(3) Applied voltage to the input terminal

For normal circuit operation of operational amplifier, please input voltage for its input terminal within input common mode voltage VDD+0. $3\,[V]$.

Then, regardless of power supply voltage, VSS-0.3[V] can be applied to input terminals without deterioration or destruction of its characteristics.

Fig. 1 The example of disabled circuit

(4) Operating power supply (split power supply/single power supply)

The operational amplifier operates if a given level of voltage is applied between VDD and VSS. Therefore, the operational amplifier can be operated under single power supply or split power supply.

(5) Power dissipation (pd)

If the IC is used under excessive power dissipation. An increase in the chip temperature will cause deterioration of the radical characteristics of IC.

For example, reduction of current capability. Take consideration of the effective power dissipation and thermal design with a sufficient margin. Pd is reference to the provided power dissipation curve.

(6) Short circuits between pins and incorrect mounting

Short circuits between pins and incorrect mounting when mounting the IC on a printed circuits board, take notice of the direction and positioning of the IC.

If IC is mounted erroneously, It may be damaged. Also, when a foreign object is inserted between output, between output and VDD terminal or VSS terminal which causes short circuit, the IC may be damaged.

(7) Output short circuit

If short circuit occurs between the output terminal and VDD terminal, excessive in output current may flow and generate heat, causing destruction of the IC. Take due care.

(8) Using under strong electromagnetic field

Be careful when using the IC under strong electromagnetic field because it may malfunction.

(9) Usage of IC

When stress is applied to the IC through warp of the printed circuit board. The characteristics may fluctuate due to the piezo effect. Be careful of the warp of the printed circuit board.

(10) Testing IC on the set board

When testing IC on the set board, in cases where the capacitor is connected to the low impedance, make sure to discharge per fabrication because there is a possibility that IC may be damaged by stress. When removing IC from the set board, it is essential to cut supply voltage.

As a countermeasure against the static electricity, observe proper grounding during fabrication process and take due care when carrying and storage it.

(11) The IC destruction caused by capacitive load

The transistors in circuits may be damaged when VDD terminal and VSS terminal is shorted with the charged output terminal capacitor. When IC is used as a operational amplifier or as an application circuit, where oscillation is not activated by an output capacitor, the output capacitor must be kept below $0.1[\mu F]$ in order to prevent the damage mentioned above.

(12) Latch up

Be careful of input vitage that exceed the VDD and VSS. When CMOS device have sometimes occur latch up operation. And protect the IC from abnormaly noise

(13) Decupling capacitor

Insert the deculing capacitance between VDD and VSS, for stable operation of operational amplifier.

Notes

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